

Assessment Schedule – 2006

Biology: Describe diversity in the structure and function of animals (90462)

Evidence Statement

Question	Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
1	<p>A description of “what the structure is and how (function) it works” to show diversity in relation to a process in THREE named animal groups. A1, A2, A3.</p> <p><i>Evidence may come from either parts (1) OR (2).</i></p> <p><i>Describe</i> requires the candidate to define, name, draw annotated diagrams, give characteristics of, or an account of.</p> <p>Transport: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • open circulatory system • closed single system • closed double system. (Description of function, eg valves to prevent backward flow.)</p> <p>Gas Exchange: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • tracheal system, • gills • lung system. counter current vascular system</p>	<p>Explanation gives reasons for adaptations in relation to a process of TWO named animal groups.</p> <p><i>Evidence may come from either parts (1) OR (2).</i></p> <p><i>Explain</i> requires the candidate to provide a reason as to how or why something occurs.</p> <p>Transport: Reasons for adaptation eg: • activity / energy requirements • pressure / gravity • size of animal / blood volume.</p> <p>Gas Exchange: Reasons for adaptation, eg: • surface area • moist exchange surfaces • pressure • efficiency of extraction • Insects, gas exchange system separate to transport. maintaining a concentration gradient</p>	<p>A discussion of the REASONS FOR DIVERSITY, in relation to a process, to enable animal groups to live and survive in their environment. Diversity in TWO animal groups.</p> <p><i>Evidence may come from either parts (1) OR (2).</i></p> <p><i>Discuss</i> requires the candidate to show understanding by linking biological ideas in relation to the animal groups.</p> <p>Transport: Eg relates the efficiency of closed double circulatory system and diversity of size to more restricted size of an animal with open circulatory system.</p> <p>Gas Exchange: Eg raw materials available from different mediums, oxygen from air or water. Animal groups show diversity to solve requirements for metabolism and size, include medium.</p>

<p>Nutrition: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • carnivore • herbivore – foregut • herbivore – hindgut • beaks/teeth/insect mouthpart omnivore</p> <p>Excretion: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • an invertebrate system • an aquatic system • a terrestrial system • products.</p> <p>Support and movement: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • hydrostatic system • exoskeleton • endoskeleton • flight • swimming.</p> <p>Sensitivity and co-ordination: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • correlation to body symmetry, eg echinoderm, insect, squid • vertebrate central NS.</p> <p>Reproduction: What the structure is and how it works, eg: • asexual – parthenogenesis • sexual – fertilization – internal - external • complex reproductive systems, eg insects.</p>	<p>Nutrition: Reasons for adaptation eg: • Energy requirements • Food types • Beaks/no teeth/weight/crop instead. Teeth, types match diet</p> <p>Excretion: Reasons for adaptation, eg: • excretory products • energy efficiency. Method to maintain water balance.</p> <p>Support and movement: Reasons for adaptation eg skeleton type adapted for environment.</p> <p>Sensitivity and co-ordination: Reasons for adaptation, eg: • vertebrate NS highly centralised and encephalised – animals able to grow larger • invertebrate NS related to body symmetry.</p> <p>Reproduction: Reasons for adaptation Eg, egg laying : live young.</p>	<p>Nutrition: Eg diversity related to types of food/body shape or size/energy requirements, the way the nutrients are obtained and absorbed.</p> <p>Excretion: Eg, diversity shown is related to the excretion product/energy cost of in the environment, maintaining water balance</p> <p>Support and movement: Eg diversity of structure and function related to living in the environment Eg endoskeletons; bones, wings adapted for flight, limitation of size for terrestrial animals with exoskeletons.</p> <p>Sensitivity and co-ordination: Eg, diversity related to survival in environment and interaction with endocrine system to maintain homeostasis.</p> <p>Reproduction: Eg, diversity related to number of offspring produced and survival in environment.</p>
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Judgement Statement

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Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Structure and function of THREE named animal groups described. Minimum of A1 + A2 + A3	Structure and function of THREE named animal groups described, and reasons for adaptations linked to structure and function for TWO animals. Minimum of $2 \times M$ <i>plus</i> A1 + A2 + A3	Structure and function of THREE named animal groups described, reasons for adaptations linked to structure and function for TWO animals, <i>and</i> discussion of diversity to survive in environments. Minimum of $1 \times E$ <i>plus</i> $2 \times M$ <i>plus</i> A1 + A2 + A3